



NDA/CDS/AFCAT

Passage Arrangement (S1-S6)

Day 8



THE TUTOR'S ACADEMY

Question 1

S1: Climate change is one of the most pressing global challenges of our time.

S6: Thus, coordinated international action is imperative to combat climate change.

P: However, the commitments under these agreements often fall short of achieving the required emission reductions.

Q: Various international agreements, like the Paris Accord, have been formulated to address this issue.

R: The impacts of climate change include rising sea levels, extreme weather events, and biodiversity loss.

S: Addressing this issue requires both mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions and adaptation strategies.

(a) QSPR

(b) RSQP

(c) RQPS

(d) PQRS

Question 2

S1: The Indian Constitution is hailed as one of the most progressive documents in the world.

S6: Thus, it provides a robust framework for a democratic and inclusive society.

P: It also incorporates provisions for socio-economic justice and equality.

Q: It guarantees fundamental rights that are justiciable and enforceable by courts.

R: The Directive Principles of State Policy complement these rights by setting goals for governance.

S: At its core, the Constitution seeks to balance individual freedoms with collective welfare.

(a) QRPS

(b) SQRP

(c) RQSP

(d) PQRS

Question 3

S1: The agriculture sector in India plays a pivotal role in the economy.

S6: Thus, increasing investment in agriculture is crucial for overall development.

P: However, challenges such as low productivity and fragmented land holdings persist.

Q: It employs over 50% of the workforce and contributes significantly to GDP.

R: Technological interventions like precision farming can address some of these challenges.

S: Public and private investments in this sector remain inadequate.

(a) QSPR

(b) PQSR

(c) QPRS

(d) RPSQ

Question 4

S1: India's healthcare system faces significant challenges.

S6: Only with comprehensive reform can these challenges be effectively addressed.

P: Additionally, the sector suffers from inadequate funding and infrastructure.

Q: There is a disparity in healthcare access between urban and rural areas.

R: The doctor-patient ratio in India remains far below WHO standards.

S: Primary healthcare services often fail to reach marginalized populations.

(a) QSPR

(b) SRPQ

(c) QRPS

(d) PSRQ

Question 5

S1: Urbanization is a double-edged sword for developing nations like India.

S6: Therefore, sustainable urban planning is the need of the hour.

P: Yet, this growth is often accompanied by challenges like congestion and pollution.

Q: It contributes significantly to economic development and modernization.

R: The lack of proper infrastructure and affordable housing further exacerbates urban challenges.

S: Rapid urbanization has led to a strain on resources such as water and electricity.

(a) QSPR

(b) SQPR

(c) QPSR

(d) SRPQ

Question 6

S1: Renewable energy has emerged as a critical component of sustainable development.

S6: Consequently, governments worldwide are adopting ambitious renewable energy targets.

P: Solar and wind energy are among the most popular renewable energy sources.

Q: They provide clean energy without depleting natural resources.

R: However, the high initial costs of renewable energy installations pose challenges.

S: Technological advancements are steadily reducing these costs and improving efficiency.

(a) PQRS

(b) QSPR

(c) PRSQ

(d) PSRQ

Question 7

S1: Digital literacy is becoming an essential skill in the modern era.

S6: Thus, bridging the digital divide is critical for inclusive development.

P: Rural and underprivileged communities often lack access to digital resources.

Q: Governments and NGOs are working to provide affordable digital infrastructure.

R: Digital skills are crucial for accessing opportunities in education, employment, and governance.

S: This has led to a widening digital divide between different socio-economic groups.

(a) RPQS

(b) SRPQ

(c) RPSQ

(d) PRSQ

Question 8

S1: India's biodiversity is among the richest in the world.

S6: Effective conservation policies are essential to protect these treasures.

P: However, deforestation and urbanization threaten many species.

Q: It includes a vast range of flora and fauna across diverse ecosystems.

R: These threats lead to habitat loss and a decline in biodiversity.

S: Conservation efforts like protected areas and wildlife sanctuaries are crucial.

(a) QPRS

(b) QPSR

(c) PQRS

(d) PRSQ

Question 9

S1: Water scarcity is a growing concern across the globe.

S6: Thus, water conservation must be prioritized at all levels.

P: Mismanagement and overuse of water resources exacerbate the issue.

Q: Climate change has significantly impacted freshwater availability.

R: Innovative solutions like rainwater harvesting and wastewater recycling can help mitigate the problem.

S: Regions already facing water stress are particularly vulnerable to these changes.

(a) QSPR

(b) QSRP

(c) PQRS

(d) RPSQ

Question 10

S1: Artificial Intelligence (AI) is transforming various industries.

S6: Its ethical and equitable implementation will shape the future of humanity.

P: Healthcare, education, and agriculture are among the sectors benefiting from AI.

Q: However, concerns about data privacy and bias remain significant.

R: AI-powered systems enhance efficiency and decision-making processes.

S: Balancing innovation with ethical considerations is a key challenge.

(a) RPQS

(b) PRSQ

(c) RPSQ

(d) PQRS

Question 11

S1: The Indian judiciary is known for its independence and integrity.

S6: Judicial reforms are essential to uphold the rule of law in India.

P: Delays in case resolution are one of the primary concerns.

Q: This has led to a massive backlog of cases in courts across the country.

R: Factors such as understaffing and procedural inefficiencies contribute to this issue.

S: Innovative measures like e-courts and alternative dispute resolution mechanisms are being introduced to address this.

(a) PRQS

(b) PQRQ

(c) RQSP

(d) QPRS

Question 12

S1: Education is the foundation for a nation's progress.

S6: Therefore, investing in quality education is a step toward sustainable development.

P: Skill development is equally important to prepare the workforce for future challenges.

Q: Access to affordable and quality education remains a challenge for many.

R: The New Education Policy aims to address gaps in learning outcomes.

S: It emphasizes critical thinking, digital literacy, and vocational training.

(a) QPSR

(b) QRPS

(c) QSPR

(d) SRPQ

Question 13

S1: India has made remarkable strides in space exploration.

S6: With these efforts, India is cementing its place among the leading space-faring nations.

P: Missions like Chandrayaan and Mangalyaan have garnered global recognition.

Q: These achievements demonstrate the potential of indigenous technology.

R: ISRO continues to plan ambitious projects like Gaganyaan and space tourism.

S: Such projects also inspire young scientists and engineers in the country.

(a) PQRS

(b) RSPQ

(c) PRSQ

(d) PQSR

Question 14

S1: India is home to one of the oldest and most diverse cultural heritages in the world.

S6: Therefore, efforts to preserve and promote cultural heritage must be strengthened.

P: However, modernization and urbanization pose threats to traditional art forms.

Q: Several initiatives, such as digital archiving, aim to address these challenges.

R: These cultural expressions reflect the history, values, and aspirations of communities.

S: Many indigenous crafts and performing arts are on the brink of extinction.

(a) RPSQ

(b) PQRS

(c) RSPQ

(d) PSRQ

Question 15

S1: Economic inequality is a growing concern in both developing and developed nations.

S6: Policymakers must adopt inclusive strategies to address these disparities.

P: Inequalities in wealth and opportunities often lead to social unrest.

Q: High economic growth rates do not necessarily translate into equitable development.

R: Structural reforms, such as progressive taxation and welfare schemes, are critical.

S: Bridging the gap between rich and poor requires targeted interventions.

(a) PQRS

(b) QPSR

(c) QRSP

(d) RSPQ

ANSWERS

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|-------------|--------------|
| 1. (b) RSQP | 9. (b) QSRP |
| 2. (a) QRPS | 10. (a) RPQS |
| 3. (a) QSPR | 11. (a) PRQS |
| 4. (c) QRPS | 12. (b) QRPS |
| 5. (c) QPSR | 13. (d) PQSR |
| 6. (a) PQRS | 14. (c) RSPQ |
| 7. (c) RPSQ | 15. (b) QPSR |
| 8. (a) QPRS | |