

NDA/CDS/AFCAT

Passage Arrangement (S1-S6)

Day 9



Question 1



- **S1:** The importance of judicial independence cannot be overstated in a democracy.
- **S6:** A balance between independence and accountability is crucial for a robust democracy.
- P: This ensures that decisions are made based on law, not political pressure.
 Q: However, judicial overreach can lead to a conflict with the legislature.
 R: At the same time, the judiciary must remain accountable to the Constitution.
- S: An independent judiciary acts as a guardian of citizens' rights.
- (a) SRPQ (b) SPQR (c) QSRP (d) PRSQ

Question 2



S1: Urban planning in India faces significant challenges.

- **S6:** A well-planned approach can improve the quality of life in cities.
- **P:** Rapid urbanization often outpaces infrastructure development.
- Q: Poor waste management systems exacerbate public health risks.
- **R:** Moreover, unplanned growth leads to increased congestion and pollution.
- S: Adequate funding and effective governance are needed to address these issues.

(a) PRSQ (b) QPRS (c) RPQS (d) PSRQ



Question 3



S1: Education reforms are essential for bridging social inequalities.
S6: A comprehensive approach is needed to address these disparities.
P: However, access to quality education is unevenly distributed.
Q: This is especially evident in rural and marginalized communities.
R: Digital learning tools can help bridge this gap.
S: Governments must focus on ensuring equitable access to resources.

(a) PSRQ (b) PQRS (c) RQPS (d) QSPR

Question 4



S1: Renewable energy is critical for achieving sustainable development.
S6: A global shift to renewables is imperative to combat climate change.
P: Investments in solar and wind energy are increasing worldwide.
Q: However, storage and transmission remain major challenges.
R: These technologies are essential for reducing dependence on fossil fuels.
S: Governments must incentivize research in green technologies.

(a) PQRS (b) PRQS (c) QPSR (d) RQSP

Question 5



(d) RSPQ

S1: Freedom of the press is a cornerstone of democracy.
S6: A balance between freedom and accountability is necessary.
P: However, it must be exercised responsibly to avoid misinformation.
Q: It plays a crucial role in holding governments accountable.
R: Social media platforms have amplified the reach of information.
S: Misuse of this freedom can undermine democratic processes.

(a) QPSR (b) QRPS (c) PQSR

Question 6



S1: Economic inequality has been rising globally.
S6: Reducing inequality requires a multi-pronged strategy.
P: Tax reforms can help redistribute wealth effectively.
Q: This gap widens due to unequal access to education and healthcare.
R: Policies focused on inclusive growth are essential.
S: Wealth concentration among a few leads to social unrest.

(a) QRSP (b) QSPR

(d) PRSQ

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(c) SQRP

Question 7



S1: The global water crisis demands urgent attention.
S6: Collaborative efforts are essential to address this crisis.
P: Climate change has worsened water scarcity in many regions.
Q: Overextraction of groundwater is another significant factor.
R: Water-sharing disputes between nations are becoming more frequent.
S: Sustainable water management practices are the need of the hour.

(a) PRSQ (b) PSRQ (c) QPRS (d) RQSP

Question 8



S1: Digital transformation has redefined workplace dynamics.
S6: A balanced approach can maximize the benefits of digitalization.
P: Remote working has become a norm in many sectors.
Q: However, it also raises concerns about employee burnout.
R: Collaborative tools have enhanced team efficiency.
S: Organizations need to focus on employee well-being.

(a) PRSQ (b) QPSR (c) RPQS (d) PSRQ

Question 9



S1: Sustainable agriculture is key to ensuring food security.
S6: A collaborative approach can make agriculture both productive and sustainable.

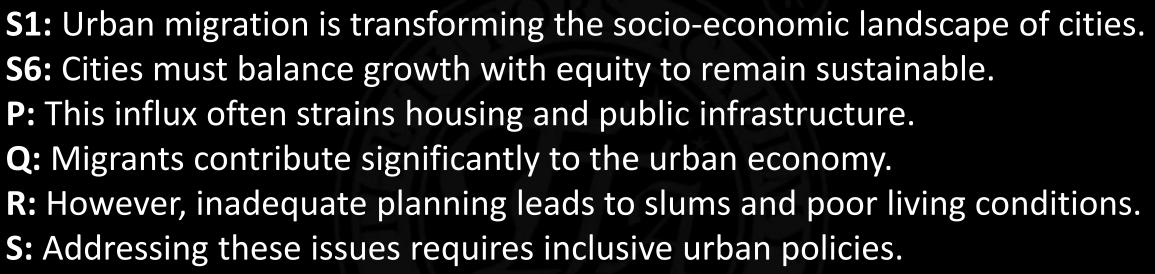
P: It reduces environmental degradation caused by conventional practices.
 Q: However, transitioning to sustainable methods requires significant investment.

R: Farmers often face challenges in accessing necessary resources and technology.

S: Governments must support policies that promote eco-friendly farming.

(a) PSRQ (b) PRQS (c) QPRS (d) SRQP

Question 10



(a) QPRS (b) PRSQ (c) QPSR (d) RPQS

Question 11



S1: The digital divide is a growing concern in the modern world.
S6: Governments must prioritize universal access to digital resources.
P: Access to the internet is still a luxury for many in rural areas.
Q: Bridging this divide requires investments in digital infrastructure.
R: Without connectivity, people are excluded from economic opportunities.
S: Educational disparities are also exacerbated by this gap.

(a) PSRQ

(b) PQRQ

(c) RPQS

(d) PQRS



Question 12

S1: Public healthcare in India needs urgent reform.
S6: A robust healthcare system is fundamental to national progress.
P: Poor infrastructure in rural areas further complicates the issue.
Q: Many families incur huge debts due to out-of-pocket medical expenses.
R: Government expenditure on health remains significantly low.
S: Strengthening primary healthcare can address many of these challenges.

(a) RQPS (b) QPRS (c) RPQS (d) QRSP



Question 13

S1: Globalization has significantly impacted traditional cultures.S6: A balanced approach can ensure cultural preservation amidst globalization.

P: This has led to the homogenization of cultural practices.

Q: However, it also provides a platform for the exchange of ideas.

R: Many fear the loss of local identities and languages.

S: Governments must protect and promote indigenous heritage.

(a) PRQS (b) RPSQ (c) PQRS (d) RPQS

Question 14



S1: Tax evasion undermines the economic growth of a country.
S6: A transparent and accountable system is essential to combat evasion.
P: This leads to a loss of revenue needed for public services.
Q: Stringent measures are required to curb this practice.
R: It also creates an uneven playing field for honest taxpayers.
S: Awareness campaigns can help promote tax compliance.

(a) PRQS

(b) PSRQ

(c) RQSP

(d) QPRS



Question 15

S1: Cybersecurity has become a major concern in the digital age.S6: Building resilience against cyber threats requires a multi-stakeholder effort.

P: Governments are increasingly investing in cyber defense mechanisms.
Q: However, cyber-attacks on critical infrastructure are on the rise.
R: Businesses must also focus on training employees to handle cyber threats.

S: A collaborative approach between public and private sectors is essential.

(a) PQRS (b) QPRS (c) PRSQ (d) RQSP





Explanation: The sequence begins with the judiciary's role as a guardian (S), followed by the emphasis on law-based decisions (R), accountability (P), and finally, the risks of judicial overreach (Q).

2. (a) PRSQ
Explanation: The logical flow begins with rapid urbanization (P), its effects like congestion (R), health risks (Q), and concludes with solutions (S).



3. (b) **PQRS**

Explanation: The passage moves from uneven access (P), its impact on communities (Q), potential solutions (R), and the role of the government (S).

4. (b) PRQS

Explanation: The logical sequence starts with investments in renewables (P), their benefits (R), challenges (Q), and ends with the need for government incentives (S).





5. (a) QPSR Explanation: The sequence flows from the press's role in accountability (Q), responsible use (P), risks of misuse (S), and the impact of social media (R).

6. (b) QSPR
Explanation: The logical order discusses the causes of inequality (Q), its effects (S), potential solutions (P), and the need for inclusive policies (R).



7. (a) PRSQ Explanation: The sequence starts with the role of climate change (P), followed by overextraction (R), disputes (S), and ends with sustainable solutions (Q).

8. (a) PRSQ

Explanation: The sequence discusses the rise of remote work (P), its challenges (Q), tools aiding efficiency (R), and ends with the need for employee well-being (S).





Explanation: The sequence begins with the benefits of sustainable agriculture (P), challenges faced by farmers (R), the need for investments (Q), and ends with the role of government policies (S).

10. (a) QPRS

Explanation: The passage starts with the contribution of migrants (Q), then shifts to the strain on infrastructure (P), consequences of poor planning (R), and concludes with solutions (S).

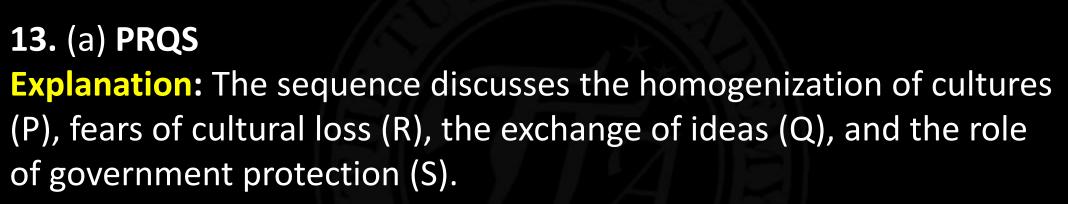


11. (a) **PSRQ Explanation:** The sequence starts with the lack of access in rural areas (P), its impact on opportunities (S), the consequences for education (R), and ends with the need for investment (Q).

12. (a) **RQPS**

Explanation: The sequence begins with low government expenditure (R), its financial consequences (Q), challenges in rural areas (P), and ends with the potential of primary healthcare (S).





14. (a) **PRQS**

Explanation: The sequence begins with revenue loss (P), the burden on honest taxpayers (R), the need for measures (Q), and concludes with the role of awareness campaigns (S).



