



Spotting Errors



for

NDA/CDS/AFCAT

Directions: Each item in this section has a sentence with three parts labelled as (a)//, (b)// and (c)//. Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in any part and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter, i.e., (a)// or (b)// or (c)//. If you find no error, your response should be indicated as (d).

DAY 15



THE TUTORS ACADEMY

Jai Hind

Questions 1.

(a) The Supreme Court asked the Centre / (b) to create a comprehensive policy / (c) for the governance and management of sacred groves across the country while underlining of its ecological importance. / (d) No error.

Questions 2.

(a) The Supreme Court judgment came on applications / (b) dealing with the protection / (c) of sacred groves of Rajasthan. / (d) No error.

Questions 3.

(a) Sacred groves is patches of forest / (b) that are preserved by local communities / (c) due to their religious, cultural, or spiritual significance. / (d) No error.

Questions 4.

(a) The survey should identify their area, location, and extent, and clearly mark it boundaries. / (b) These boundaries should remain flexible / (c) to accommodate the natural growth./ (d) No error.

Questions 5.

(a) SC lauded the Piplantri village in Rajasthan's Rajsamand district, / (b) which under the leadership of its Sarpanch Shyam Sundar Paliwal, / (c) started the initiative to plant 111 trees for every girl child born. / (d) No error.

Questions 6.

(a) The tragic passing of a girl child of the sarpanch / (b) prompted the movement in the village which had until then witnessed / (c) environmental damages due to excessive marble mining. / (d) No error.

Questions 7.

(a) Environmentally, over 40 lakh trees has been planted, / (b) which has helped raise the water table / (c) by 800-900 feet and cooled the climate. / (d) No error.

Questions 8.

(a) The Piplantri model demonstrates how community-driven initiatives / (b) can effectively address social, economic, and environmental challenges / (c) in a cohesive manners. / (d) No error.

Questions 9.

(a) Once a lifeline for communities settled along its banks, / (b) the Hindon River in Western Uttar Pradesh, / (c) often called India's Sugar Bowl, has been reduced to a drain / (d) carrying domestic and industrial waste. / (d) No error.

Questions 10.

(a) Since the 1970s, experts have warned about industries and untreated domestic waste polluting the river. / (b) In Saharanpur district alone, over 45 industries discharge waste / (c) into the Hindon, with 12 drains carrying effluents directly into the river. / (d) No error.

Questions 11.

(a) The Hindon River originates from the Shakumbhari Devi Range (Upper Sivaliks) in the Saharanpur district of Uttar Pradesh. / **(b)** It flows through several districts, including Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Baghpat, Ghaziabad, and Gautam Buddh Nagar, / **(c)** before joining with the Yamuna River in Noida. / **(d)** No error.

Questions 12.

(a) The Kali River is a major tributaries / **(b)** of the Hindon River. / **(c)** The Kali River merges with the Hindon near Sardhana. / **(d)** No error.

Questions 13.

(a) The Hindon River is entirely rainfed, relying on monsoon rains for their water supply. / (b) The river faces significant pollution challenges / (c) due to urban, agricultural, and industrial waste. / (d) No error.

Questions 14.

(a) An Indus Valley civilization site, Alamgirpur, / (b) is located along the Hindon River, / (c) about 28 kilometers from Delhi. / (d) No error.

Questions 15.

(a) The Hindon River was a site of several skirmishes / (b) during the Indian Rebellion of 1857, / (c) including the Battle of Badli-ki-Serai. / (d) No error.

ANSWER WITH EXPLANATION

1. **(c)** The correct phrasing should be "underlining *its* ecological importance" or "underlining *their* ecological importance" (referring to sacred groves). The use of "of" is incorrect in this context.
2. **(d)** No error. The sentence is grammatically correct.
3. **(a)** Subject-verb agreement error. "Groves" is plural, so the verb should be "are": "Sacred groves *are* patches of forest..."
4. **(a)** Pronoun agreement error. "Survey" is singular, so the pronoun should be "its": "...and clearly mark *its* boundaries."

5. **(d)** No error. The sentence is grammatically correct.
6. **(c)** Incorrect noun usage. "Damages" should be "damage" in this context as environmental damage is treated as an uncountable noun.
7. **(a)** Subject-verb agreement error. "Trees" is plural, so the verb should be "have been planted": "...40 lakh trees *have* been planted..."
8. **(c)** Incorrect noun form. It should be "in a cohesive *manner*."

9. (a) The word "it" is a pronoun in its subjective or objective form, but here, the sentence requires the **possessive form** to indicate ownership (i.e., the banks belonging to the river). The correct possessive pronoun is "its," not "it."
10. (a) The error lies in the phrase "**warned about industries and untreated domestic waste.**" The phrase "warned about industries" is awkward and unclear because it does not specify what the warning is about regarding industries. Instead, it should read: "**warned about industrial and untreated domestic waste**" to clarify that the warning is about waste from industries and households..

11. **(c)** Redundancy. "Joining" is sufficient; "joining *with*" is redundant.
12. **(a)** Plural noun needed. It should be "tributary."
13. **(a)** Pronoun agreement error. "River" is singular, so the pronoun should be "its": "...for *its* water supply."
14. **(d)** No error. The sentence is grammatically correct.
15. **(d)** No error. The sentence is grammatically correct.